

Queensland Sporting Clay's sun protection policy

The following policy is in place to help Queensland Sporting Clay's members reduce UV exposure and skin cancer risk.

Rationale

The sun's ultraviolet (UV) radiation can't be seen or felt. Whatever the weather, it's important for people of all skin types to use sun protection whenever UV levels are three or higher.

Too much of the sun's UV can cause sunburn, skin and eye damage and skin cancer. Australia has one of the highest rates of skin cancer in the world, with two in three Australians developing some form of skin cancer before age 70.

While playing or watching sport, people are exposed to the sun's UV for long periods of time.

Sporting clubs and organisations have a responsibility under health and safety legislation to provide and maintain a safe working environment for staff, volunteers, players and spectators. By minimising UV harms, we aim to fulfil this obligation and duty of care.

Sun protection times

- To assist with the implementation of this policy, club officials, coaches and participants are encouraged to access the daily local sun protection times via the free [SunSmart app](#), or at sunsmart.com.au.
- The sun protection measures listed are used for all outdoor activities during the **daily local sun protection times**. *The sun protection times are a forecast from the Bureau of Meteorology for the time of day UV levels are forecast to reach 3 or higher.*
- A combination of sun protection measures are needed during the daily local sun protection times.

Schedules, fixtures and rule modifications (including a cancellation policy)

- Where possible, training, events and competitions are scheduled to minimise exposure to UV and heat.
- Cancellation of training, events or competition occurs according to the rules of Queensland Sporting Clay's Association when high risk conditions are forecast.

Where it is not possible to avoid peak UV and heat periods, the following measures are considered to minimise risks:

- Duress activities are limited in duration and intensity.
- The duration of the activity is reduced.
- Activities start earlier in the morning or later in the evening.
- Rest breaks and opportunities to seek shade and rehydrate are increased.
- Officials rotate out of the sun more frequently than usual.
- Officials, coaches and senior members act as role models by wearing sun-protective clothing and hats, applying sunscreen and seeking shade wherever possible.

Sun protection measures

1. Clothing

- Sun-protective clothing is recommended for officials and volunteers.
- Tops are made from UPF (UV Protection Factor) 50+ material and have long sleeves and a collar.
- Tops are loose-fitting and lightweight.
- Where the attire does not provide adequate sun protection, participants are reminded to apply SPF30 (or higher) broad-spectrum, water-resistant sunscreen to all exposed skin and wear covering clothing whilst attending clubs.

2. Sunscreen

- SPF30 (or higher) broad-spectrum, water-resistant sunscreen is promoted and/or provided to participants.
- Participants are encouraged to apply sunscreen 20 minutes before training or playing and to reapply every two hours or immediately after sweating.
- Sunscreen is stored below 30°C and replaced once it is past the expiry date.
- Participants are encouraged to apply a generous amount of sunscreen (the equivalent of one teaspoon per limb).
- The first aid kit includes a supply of SPF30 (or higher) broad-spectrum, water-resistant sunscreen.

Sun protection policy

3. Hats

- Wide-brimmed or bucket hats are Recommended
- Caps and visors do not provide adequate sun protection to the face, ears and neck and are not recommended for extended sun protection but may be used, in combination with sunscreen on parts of skin not covered, as an interim measure for on-field play or training.

4. Shade

- An assessment of existing shade has been conducted at commonly used outdoor venues.
- When not actively playing or between individual events, participants are able to rest in shaded areas.
- Where there is insufficient natural or built shade, temporary shade structures are provided or participants are notified to bring their own temporary shade (e.g. tents or umbrellas).
- Shade from buildings, trees and other structures is used where possible (e.g. for player interchange, marshalling areas, spectator areas).
- Marshalling, interchange and presentation ceremony areas are protected by shade.
- Participants and officials rotate to cooler, shaded areas.

5. Sunglasses

- Participants are advised to wear sunglasses that meet the Australian standard (AS/NZS 1067:2016).

Relevant documents and links

- SunSmart: sunsmart.com.au
- ARPANSA [Radiation Protection Standard for Occupational Exposure to Ultraviolet Radiation](#) (2006)
- Safe Work Australia: [Guide on exposure to solar ultraviolet radiation \(UVR\)](#) (2019)
- AS 4174:2018 Knitted and woven shade fabrics
- AS/NZS 1067.1:2016, Eye and face protection - Sunglasses and fashion spectacles
- AS 4399:2020, Sun protective clothing - Evaluation and classification
- AS/NZS 2604:2012 Sunscreen products - Evaluation and classification
- Australian Government Therapeutics Goods Administration (TGA) – Australian regulatory guidelines for sunscreens: [4. Labelling and advertising – directions for use of the product](#)

Disclaimer

This information is general in nature and does not constitute medical advice from your doctor or health professional. While all reasonable attempts have been made to ensure the accuracy of the information, Queensland Sporting Clays and associated parties cannot accept responsibility for loss, injury, claim or damage resulting from the use or application of this information. This information is based on current available evidence at the time of review.

Updated: March 2023

Education and information

- The times when sun protection is required are communicated to participants and spectators.

Review

- This sun protection policy will be reviewed regularly.
- This policy was last updated on 14/03/2023
- Next policy review: 30/6/2024